

2012

MATHEMATICS (Optional)

100276

गणित (वैकल्पिक)

Time : 3 hours

Maximum Marks : 200

Note :

- (i) Answers must be written in English.
- (ii) Question No. 1 is compulsory. Of the remaining questions, attempt any Four selecting one question from each section.
- (iii) Figure to the RIGHT indicates marks of the respective question.
- (iv) Number of optional questions upto the prescribed number in the order in which they have been solved will only be assessed. Excess answers will not be assessed.
- (v) Candidates should not write roll number, any name (including their own), signature, address or any indication of their identity anywhere inside the answer book otherwise they will be penalised.

1. Answer any four of the following :

- (a) A company has three operational departments (weaving, processing and packing) 10
with a capacity to produce three different types of cloth namely suiting, shirting
and woolens yielding the profit of Rs. 2, Rs. 4 and Rs. 3 per metre respectively.
One metre suiting requires 3 minutes in weaving, 2 minutes in processing and
1 minute in packing. One metre of shirting requires 4 minutes in weaving,
1 minute in processing and 3 minutes in packing while one metre of woolen
requires 3 minutes in each department. In a week total run time is 60, 40, 80
hours of weaving, processing and packing departments respectively. Formulate
the linear programming model to find the product mix to maximize the profit.
Solve it using simplex method.

- (b) Examine the convergence and absolute convergence of the series 10

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n+1} \cdot \frac{n}{(n^2+1)}$$

- (c) A particle moves with a central acceleration μr^{-7} and starts from an apse at a 10
distance 'a' with a velocity equal to the velocity which would be acquired by the
particle travelling from rest at an infinity to the apse. Show that the equation of
its orbit is $r^2 = a^2 \cos 2\theta$.

- (d) Write a computer program in C for evaluation of the integral 10

$$\int_{2.5}^{7.8} \frac{x^3 + 2x^2 + 5x + 6}{x^2 - 3x + n} dx, \text{ using Simpson's rule. Select } n=100.$$

- (e) If (i) $u_k(x) \in C$, $a \leq x \leq b$, $k=1, 2, 3, \dots$ 10

(ii) $f(x) = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} u_k(x)$, uniformly in $a \leq x \leq b$, then prove that

$$\int_a^b f(x) dx = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \int_a^b u_k(x) dx$$

SECTION - A

2. (a) Prove the following theorems : 10
- (i) Let $G = \langle a \rangle$ be a cyclic group order n and H be a subgroup of G generated by a^m , $m \leq n$. Then,

$$O(H) = \frac{n}{\text{gcd}(m, n)}$$

- (ii) Any finite group is isomorphic to a permutation group. 10

- (b) Verify Cayley - Hamilton theorem for the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 4 & 5 \\ 3 & 5 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$ and hence find its 20
inverse.

3. (a) Let $f: G \rightarrow H$ be a group homomorphism of a group G onto another group H and 20
let $\ker(f)$ be the kernel of f . Then prove that $\frac{G}{\ker(f)} \cong H$

- (b) Evaluate Eigen values and Eigen vectors of the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$, and determine 20
whether the Eigen vectors are orthogonal.

SECTION - B

4. (a) If $f(x)$ is continuous in $[a, b]$, differentiable in (a, b) and $f(a) = f(b)$, then prove 20
that there exists at least one $c \in (a, b)$ such that $f'(c) = 0$.
Plot the graph of the function $f(x) = 1 - x^{2/3}$. Does this function satisfy all conditions above theorem for $x \in [-1, 1]$. Verify the above theorem for the function $f(x) = x(x-2)e^{3x/4}$, $0 \leq x \leq 2$.

- (b) Use double integration to find the area bounded by three lines $x + 2y = 2$, $y - x = 1$ and $2x + y = 7$ 10

Also, evaluate $\int_{-2}^1 \int_{x^2+4x}^{3x+2} dy dx$ by changing order of integration. 10

5. (a) (i) The temperature T at any point (x, y, z) in a space is given by $T(x, y, z) = 8xyz^2$. Find the highest temperature on the surface of the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 36$. 10
- (ii) Are the functions u, v and w defined as $u(x, y, z) = x + y + z$; $v(x, y, z) = x^3 + y^3 + z^3 - 3xyz$ and $w(x, y, z) = x^2 + y^2 + z^2 - xy - yz - zx$ functionally related? If yes, find the relationship between them. 10
- (b) Use triple integration to obtain the volume of the solid surrounded by the surface 20

$$\left(\frac{x}{7}\right)^{2/3} + \left(\frac{y}{5}\right)^{2/3} + \left(\frac{z}{8}\right)^{2/3} = 1$$

SECTION - C

6. (a) Does the equation $16x^2 - 24xy + 9y^2 - 6x - 8y - 1 = 0$ represent a parabola? If yes, reduce it to a simplest form and obtain : 20
- (i) equation of its axis,
(ii) co-ordinates of vertex,
(iii) equation of tangent at vertex
(iv) co-ordinates of focus and
(v) the length of its latus rectum
- (b) (i) Prove that the vector $\bar{A} = (6xy + z^3)\mathbf{i} + (3x^2 - z)\mathbf{j} + (3xz^2 - y)\mathbf{k}$ is irrotational. 10
Find scalar function $f(x, y, z)$ such that $\bar{A} = \bar{\nabla} f$.
- (ii) Verify Green's theorem in the plane for $\oint_C (2x - y^3) dx - xy dy$ where C is 10
the boundary of the annulus region enclosed by $x^2 + y^2 = 1$ and $x^2 + y^2 = 9$.
7. (a) (i) A sphere of radius 5 passes through the origin and cuts the coordinate axes in A, B, C . Prove that the locus of the foot of perpendicular from origin to the plane ABC is given by $(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^2 \left(\frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{1}{y^2} + \frac{1}{z^2} \right) = 100$ 10
- (ii) Obtain equation of right circular cone with vertex at $(1, 2, -3)$, semivertical angle $\cos^{-1} \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$ and the line $\frac{x-1}{2} = \frac{y-2}{4} = \frac{z+3}{-2}$ as its axis. 10

- (b) (i) Verify Stokes' theorem for $\vec{A} = y^2 \mathbf{i} + xy\mathbf{j} - z\mathbf{k}$, where S is the hemisphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = a^2, z \geq 0$. 10
- (ii) For any function $f(x, y, z)$, prove that $\nabla \times \nabla f = 0$. 10

SECTION - D

8. (a) Solve the following differential equations :

(i) $x^3 \frac{d^3 y}{dx^3} + 3x^2 \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + x \frac{dy}{dx} = x + \log x$ 10

(ii) $2 \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} - 5 \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x \partial y} + 2 \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial y^2} = 5 \sin(2x+y)$ 10

(b) (i) Evaluate the integral $\int_1^2 \left(\frac{x+2}{x-1} \right) dx$ by Gauss quadrature method for $n=3$. 10

(ii) Use Runge-Kutta method to obtain $y(2)$ if $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x+1}{y}$ and $y(1) = 1$. Select $h = 0.25$. 10

9. (a) Solve the following differential equations

(i) $(2x+5)^2 \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} - 6(2x+5) \frac{dy}{dx} + 8y = 6x$ 10

(ii) $\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} - 2 \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x \partial y} = \sin x \cos 2y$ 10

(b) (i) Evaluate the integral $\int_1^3 3x^2 dx$ by using Simpson rule. Take $n=10$. Calculate the percentage error of the numerical result relative to the analytic one. 10

(ii) Use Euler method to obtain $y(2)$ if $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x+1}{y}, y(1) = 1$. 10