পর্যবেক্ষকান্ত্যা সূচনেবিনা হে সীল উপহৃত নয়
कच्च्हा कामासाठी जगा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK
1. "‘तू जो कुड़ता मला दिला होतास, तो मी घातला आहे.’" यानेही गोण व मुख्य बाब्यांचे परस्पर रूपांतर केल्यास पुढीलपेक्षी कोणता पर्याय मिळेल?

(1) मी घातला कुड़ता, तू दिलेला आहे.
(2) तू दिलेला कुड़ता मी घातला आहे.
(3) मी जो कुड़ता घातला आहे, तो तू मला दिला होतास.
(4) मी घातला आहे तो कुड़ता तू दिला आहे.

2. ‘सुवाच्य’ याचा विरुद्धार्थी शब्द पुढीलपेक्षी कोणता नाही?

(1) गिरीचिदार (2) दुबऱ्याच (3) अचानकीय (4) अर्वाच्य

3. ‘याच्या हाती ससा तो पार्या’ – यामध्ये आलेली सर्वांगाने कोणता प्रकारची आहेत?

(1) साधारण (2) संबंधी व दर्शक (3) पुढीलच व दर्शक (4) संबंधी व साधारण

4. "बक्ताच्या भक्ताने तक्रारांती आणि संदर्भ यांचा अभाव होता. मात्र अविश्वास आवेशपूर्ण असे त्यांचे भक्ताने झाले. अश्लीली ग्रामीण करताना ‘यांच्या विहूळतेची मी काय पावती देणार?’ असे उद्देश काढले.’"

यामध्ये त्यांनी काय सुचवले?

(1) वक्तू अथवा उद्देश्य बिनून आहेत.
(2) यांच्या विहूळचेच मोजमाप राखणे कठीण आहे.
(3) भक्तानुसार विहूळतेचा अभाव श्रीमुळेचा कठीण आहे.
(4) मूल्यमापन करण्यास अध्यक्ष पात्र नाहीत.

5. 'भुळ्ळा' या संबंधाल सामान्यतः तुम्हांच्या रुग्णांकें असते.

(1) घर (2) अरे (3) अली (4) तुनुज

6. 'ऐश्वर्य' या क्रियाप्रदायक करून विरोध घटवण्यासाठी कोणता प्रत्यय जोडता लागतेच?

(1) ऊ (2) रा (3) आ (4) गावा

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P.T.O.
7. ‘विचारिषीय नसने’ वा वाक्यप्रचार अर्थ अथवा 
(1) काय कराये, काय करू नये याचा अतिष्ठत विचार नसने। 
(2) कायदाने प्रतिबंध नसने। 
(3) एखादा विनोद सादुकारी नसने। 
(4) कायदाने प्रतिबंध नसने। 

8. सेवनी जाहिरत बाचू होिसने खेड़ीला गेलेल्या रमाबाईच्या गळ्यातली थिंकती भांडी गर्दी चेंद्रेला गेली. बेहिसने विचारले - ‘कैसाग्याळा शाली ही खेड़ी _____’ 
- या बाक्यांतर मिलामया जपले कोणते विभागित, येऊव शकते?
(1) पूर्णिरम वा प्रसन्निव्रध 
(2) प्रसन्निध्व वा उद्ववाचक चिन्द 
(3) स्वत्तिरम वा पूर्णिव्र 
(4) पूर्णिरम वा उद्ववाचक चिन्द 

9. ‘तुंगलेंग वाजविने’ हा वाक्यप्रचार दुव्योलैंठकी कोणता संदर्भात उपयोगात आला जातो?
(1) एखादी व्यक्ती महत्त्वाच्या कम्यात साथ करून असेल तेखा 
(2) एखादी व्यक्ती आपली आवडती गोष्ट श्रोते कंटावजवले तरी वारंचवार संगत असेल तेखा 
(3) एखादी गोष्ट जसीच्या तरी पुनरावर धोत असेल, त्यावेळी 
(4) मोठा कमांत आपला सहभाग असेल तेखा 

10. ‘आधुनिकतात रचतच आणि सुपतते हसतात.’ - म्हणजे काय?
(1) प्रत्येकाचाल ज्ञाने त्याचे दृष्ट असते. 
(2) आज सुखात आहेत, ते उठा दुःखात पडणार हा सुतीनियम आहे. 
(3) ओस्त्यावरिका युक्त्याची जाती. 
(4) हसणे रचणे प्रत्येकाच्या संतीकाचा अवलम्बून आस्ते. 

11. ‘उथारिचे पोटे सवता हटत रिते’, ही म्हण काय सुचवते?
(1) उथारी अभिमत: खुस्तानीत नेते. 
(2) उथारिचे भरपूर गोष्टी घेता रेखात. 
(3) उथारिचे खरेदी ऐंत नसाली तरी होऊ शकते. 
(4) उथारिचे मिठेले तेचा घ्यावे तेवढे घडेचे. 

कथ्याच्या कामासाठी जागा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK
12. 'सुझास अधिक सांगने न लगे.' - या विभागातील क्रियापदावर प्रकार ओळखा.

(1) अनियमित   (2) शास्त्री (3) प्रयोजक   (4) भावकरुळक क्रियापद

13. गुण समोकंता?

(1) औषधीगिरण   (2) उदाहरिगिरण   (3) औषधीगिरण   (4) उदाहरिगिरण

14. 'टिटर्वी देखाल समुद्र आतवले.' - या मृणीया किंवदंड आशय सूचकारार्थ म्हणुन पुढीलपैकी कोणती?

(1) थेवा थेवा तर तराच   (2) भित्राळी व्रताषास
(3) सर्दाराची धाव कूंपणापष्ट  (4) कोठे उंगाळा ऐणावत कोठे स्थाम्भाताची तटाणी

15. पुढीलपैकी कोणत्या गटीतील शब्द समानार्थी आहेत?

(1) गिरो, पर्वत, नग   (2) डोंगर, भव, खंग   (3) नग, शिखर, खंग   (4) नभ, अंद, खंग

16. 'वसंतांकाची बेञ्च्यावर भरल्याच तपासून दामपूर्वी धक्का आली. आपले विवाहाला ते वसंतांकाचं तो म्हणत नाही किंवा या ________ !'

- रिकायता जाणा कोणतान म्हण वापरायला येईल?

(1) असंगामी संग आणि प्रणाली गात   (2) आधी बुधी जाते ना नल्याची जाते
(3) जरी सर्वसुची असा कोण आहे?   (4) धर्म करता करं कम उभे राहते

17. 'जनतेने त्यांचा विनवानदा निवडून दिले.' - या वाक्यातील प्रयोग ओळखा.

(1) करते   (2) करण्याच   (3) भावे   (4) करू-करं संकर

18. 'तुम्ही महाशाह तर आमी देखून नाटकाला मेघ.' - या वाक्याच्या कोणते अन्यव आले आहे?

(1) क्रियाविवेचण अन्यव   (2) सांभित सत्यवाची अन्यव
(3) शृङ्गाडशयोगी अन्यव   (4) केलखप्रयोगी अन्यव

19. 'यह' या शब्दाला पुढीलपैकी कोणकोणते अर्थ आहेत?

(1) स्वीकार, सुर्यभालेली गोल, समजूत   (2) घर, स्वीकार, समजूत
(3) इमारत, समजूत, बुधी   (4) घर, सुर्यभालेली गोल, स्वीकार

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P.T.O.
20. "निदान कामाच्या पहिल्या दिवशी तो लखकर याचा.‖ - हे कोणत्या प्रकारातील वाचक आहे?

(1) आजादी (2) विध्वंस (3) उद्दाररंग (4) संकेतार्थी

21. 'अर्धमुखी' हा साद्र पुढीलप्रेकृती कोणत्या प्रकारातील आहे?

(1) पूर्णाध्यक्ष (2) अर्शाध्यक्ष (3) अनुक्रमवाचक (4) सामाजिक

22. "ती मोठा मतल्या मनुष्य आहे. प्राक्या __________ हे चांगले!‖

- रिकायत जाणून पुढीलप्रेकृती कोणता वाक्यप्राचीय योग्य ठरल?

(1) वाचकाच रोबे (2) वाटेस जाणे (3) वाचकाच उभे नाही (4) वाटेस लावणे

23. 'उदार' या विशेषणाप्रमाणे भावावजक नाम, खडकविण्यासाठी कोणते प्रत्यय उपयोगात येतात?

(1) त, ता (2) ई, ल्य (3) ई, पण (4) व. ई

24. 'दशभुजा' हा कोणत्या प्रकाराचा समास आहे?

(1) इंड (2) कर्मभार (3) तत्पुरुष (4) वहुस्फोट

25. "साने गुरुजी अतिशय संवेदनशील होते.‖ - या वाक्याचे उदारार्थी वाक्यात रूपांतर पुढीलप्रेकृती कोणते असेल?

(1) किती संवेदनशील होते साने गुरुजी! (2) साने गुरुजी खूपच संवेदनशील होते!
(3) साने गुरुजी अतिशय संवेदनशील होते ना? (4) साने गुरुजी किती संवेदनशील होते?

26. खालील पदकथा योग्य अर्थ सांगा.

'उष्ण पाण्याचा छठाकाळ फार.'

(1) मूळात चाही नाही मग नसल्या उठवून कशाल.
(2) अपारी छोटीसंग धर पण धवधवधावारसा आवज.
(3) ज्या पाण्याच्या विवरते बेलाची असती तो खुप बडाया मारतो.
(4) मूळात पाण्याचा धूळच नाही तेव्हे पाण्याचा आवज कोठुन रेया?
27. "आधिकारिक बाद पाच टक्काॅवर आठ टक्काॅवर नेय्यासांबंधी रुपान्त राजन यांचे मत प्रतिकूळ होते."
- या बाब्बे नकारात्मक बाब्बे रुपांतर करताना पुढीलपैकी कोणता पर्याप्त उपयोगात आणणा येईल?
(1) विरोधी (2) वेगऱ्यात (3) अनुकूल (4) ध्नी

28. 'पण्णाश्चार्य एक बाद, सोब्याण्यास बारा बारा' या म्हणून काय व्यक्त होते?
(1) पण्णाश्चार्याचा नर्माण्य (2) चोरवाटेचा मर्माण्य
(3) शोषणाच्यांचे सामर्थ्य (4) चोरीची सुरुवात व शोधाची कठीणता

29. 'समारंभासंगत कागदिक (मोठी संख्या) ने उपस्थित होते.' - कंसातील शब्दांचे कोणते रूप येथे योग्य ठरेल?
(1) मोठ्या संख्ये (2) मोठ्या संख्या (3) मोठी संख्या (4) मोठ्या संख्ये

30. पर्यावरण 'नकारात्मक बाब्बा' असेल.
(1) एकादशीली गदी फार दिली असते (2) एकादशीली गदी ही लहानसहान नसेल
(3) एकादशीली गदी केवळी आहे ही (4) एकादशीली केवळी आहे नाही गदी

31. 'सातपुडा परिसरात होळीच्या आठ दिवस आधी भोगन्या बाजार भरलो.' - या बाब्बातील उद्देश्य कोणते?
(1) सातपुडा परिसर (2) होळी (3) होळीच्या आठ दिवस आधी (4) भोगन्या बाजार

32. 'तपोधाम' हो संधी पुढीलपैकी कोणत्या प्रकारे सोडवता येईल?
(1) तप + धाम (2) तप + धाम (3) तये + धाम (4) तप + उधाम

33. पुढीलपैकी कोणत्या शब्दासंगत विविध अर्थ नाहीत?
(1) अर्थ (2) अर्थ (3) अर्थ (4) अलंकार

34. 'मायापाणी पूर्वी शालेच्या विद्याध्यानी मार्गदर्शन करणारे पुस्तक लिहिले आहे.' - अंगातिरंग शब्द पुढीलपैकी कोणत्या स्वरूपात आहेल?
(1) उद्देश्य (2) उद्देश्य विस्तार (3) कर्मपूरक विस्तार (4) विधेय विस्तार

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35. पुढ़रलिएकी कोणत्या वाक्यमध्ये प्रयोजक किष्किश आहे?

(1) मण्ड अर्जिताना फटके लवकर उठवले नाही.
(2) संतान लेखकांचे दुःख पाहवत नाहीत.
(3) जनावरांनी पंतधार पाकले, अशी आहे गाडळी आहे.
(4) दिसखर लेखकांचा प्रस्तावावी उदरे देऊन देऊन शेक्कटी स्फोट बोटप्पेचा.

खालील ज्ञान वाचून त्यापुढे दिश्वला प्रस्ताव संस्या 36 ते 40 ची उमारे लिखा.

पुढे वाचून महणयात, प्रश्नमण्या - फक्त एकांत, फक्तजे फक्त श्रवणज्ञाही केली, तर एकांताना काहीतरी समजत्या सयखरे बाहर. वाचून प्रश्न बनावे असेल तर आपण आशीर्वदनात आहोते. पण कोणतीच वेळी, तातांत फारस काही समत नाही. अर्थात हे सर्वांच्या चकचकारी तितसमत नसून जाणल्याची विविधताने स्पष्टीत ध्यानच आहे. आपण स्वतः पुढे वाचले, दिफ्फांची थराचे केली तर बरच समजून जाण होते. पण स्वतः, प्रश्न धरण पाहिले तर मात्र जाण फक्त होते. विश्वास शिक्षणाचा अनुभव आपण हे अंदेक एकांत आधीते वेळी असते.

पण याचा पुढे भान अधिक महत्त्वाचा आहे. दुःख या कृपातीय प्रश्नाच्या वाचून प्रस्ताव जमतून त्रोपक राजू हात्रे असेल, प्रश्न नाही करायला वेळी सर्व ठरक्या असेल तर प्रश्न करून ठोस फर्त कोणती उत्तर येत याच शंका नाही.

पण विज्ञानाचं खरेमग्रं रमेणु भावाच्या असेल तर सूचना प्रश्नाचं निर्देशन आपण केले पाहिजेत. प्रश्न काशीसाठी करायला आहे. व्याख्या किंवा प्रवृत्ती असेरा लागेल, त्यासाठी एकांतात उपश्रेष्ठ नसते तर दुसरं कोणतं वापरता धेके, प्रश्न वाचाली वाचाली कुणाला कोणत, ‘अयोग्यी’ प्रश्नजे काय काही प्रश्नाचं उकडे आपल्याला ठाकू पाहिजेत. या प्रश्नांचं साधी साधी वाचाली अंदेक टेकणे प्रश्नेचं साधी ठाकू ठाकू होते. व्याख्या अशी साधी वाचाली कोणतेच फक्त नाही. वाचाली येतो तो फक्त प्रश्नाला ठाकू ठाकू करायला तास. असी करायला करून प्रश्न–विज्ञाना संस्करण ठडड नसली.

हे सर्व प्रश्नाचं विचाररूपी असतं, सत्याना व्याख्या स्वरूप ज्ञान तरी चालू तर हा एक फक्त धरण मेलमजुद. ‘विज्ञान’ हि विज्ञानविद्यांनी कीर्तनाचा मित्रस नसते. ज्ञान विज्ञानाची फारस हाकी संवेद नाही असं पाहत होतं अर्थात ज्ञानाची ज्ञानाची असेरा विज्ञानाचे केवळ मगताचं दर्या बाहेर आहे याची कयोणताच अना येक लगेली आहे. विज्ञान सर्वत्र आहे. लागेल संस्करण सर्वत्र अनेक ज्ञान होतेत. तर आपणांचा शात कुलकां जाहील.

दुसरा मेजरमजुद अशी की, व्याख्यानांतर संस्करण विचारी माणासे किंवा कॉलेज मेलमजुद मेलमजुद ठाकू. ‘विभाषा किंवा लक्षण आहे, परंतु तर पर्यंत आहे‘ या वतीमुखी कल्याणकांची बीते कृपावती ज्ञात. निरोधीसंरक्षक लक्षणान्वपणून महत्त्व आपल्याने मेलमजुदा थेवाही आहे. प्रश्नाच्या साधी किंवा प्रश्न, बंग काहीं भरनी वाचली निर्देशन करू शक्य. भ्रमित बंदी अनुदान वाचली ठोर्डी असं रोजाने वर तेवी ही समजूत अपण समजूत तितकी साधन नाही.

36. प्रश्नाचे रहस्य अंदेका करावी ठेवलेले असते?

(1) प्रश्नाची उत्तर्ग्रंम सामान्य असणारात.
(2) सामान्य वाव्यावहीची आहे, याच्याच महत्त्वाची.
(3) व्याख्या प्रश्नाची खुश महत्त्वाची असणारात.
(4) सर्व संबंधित प्रश्नाचे उत्तरानुरोपण शोधात.

कच्च्या कमालच्या जगा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK
41. Convert the sentence into indirect speech:

The prince said, “It gives me great pleasure to be here this evening.”

(1) The prince says, it gives him great pleasure to be here that evening.
(2) The prince said that it gave him great pleasure to be there that evening.
(3) The prince said that it gives him great pleasure to be there that evening.
(4) The prince said that it gives him great pleasure to be there that evening.

42. Fill in the blank with the answer options given below:

Either the children or the milkman ________ knocking at the door.

(1) are (2) is (3) were (4) have
43. Give the synonym of:
conceit
(a) bright (b) pride (c) vanity (d) scholar

Answer options:
(1) (a) and (b) (2) (b) and (c) (3) (a) and (d) (4) (b) and (d)

44. What does the following idiom mean?
to bury the hatchet
(1) to give up old enmity (2) to hide one's wealth
(3) to hide one's dislike (4) to kill someone

45. Choose the correct sentence.
(a) We entered the house.
(b) I ordered coffee.
(c) What is the time by your watch?

Answer options:
(1) Only (b) (2) Only (a) and (b)
(3) Only (a) and (c) (4) Only (b) and (c)

46. Punctuate the following sentence:
Yogesh cried his wife how stupid of you to have resigned
(1) Yogesh cried his wife, "How stupid of you to have resigned!"
(2) Yogesh cried his wife, "How stupid of you to have resigned?"
(3) "Yogesh," cried his wife, "how stupid of you to have resigned!"
(4) "Yogesh", cried his wife, "how stupid of you to have resigned!"
47. Match the following words with their antonyms:
   (a) Amateur  (i) constant
   (b) Fickle    (ii) liberal
   (c) Chaos     (iii) professional
   (d) Orthodox  (iv) order

   Answer options:
   (a) (b) (c) (d)
   (1) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)
   (2) (iii) (i) (iv) (ii)
   (3) (iv) (i) (ii) (iii)
   (4) (ii) (iii) (i) (iv)

48. Identify the sentence which is not in passive voice.
   (a) Her grief has been forgotten by her.
   (b) Our neighbour has bought a Nano car.
   (c) My guilt has been discovered.

   Answer options:
   (1) Only (a)
   (2) Only (b)
   (3) Only (b) and (c)
   (4) Only (a) and (c)

49. Choose the most appropriate antonym for the underlined word:
   Our teacher was a very strict person.
   (1) lenient  (2) relaxed  (3) kind  (4) humorous

50. Spot the sentence with the correct use of punctuation signs.
   (a) I saw the ladies were very tired and hungry; I offered them some of the food that we had stored away in case of an emergency.
   (b) As I saw the ladies were very tired and hungry, I offered them some of the food that we had stored away in case of an emergency.

   Answer options:
   (1) Only (a)
   (2) Only (b)
   (3) Both (a) and (b)
   (4) Neither of them
51. Choose the grammatically correct sentence.
   (a) The village counsel was a very effective body in the past.
   (b) The defense counsel wanted to cross examine the witness.
   Answer options:
   (1) Only (a)  (2) Only (b)  (3) Both  (4) Neither

52. Change into Exclamatory sentence.
   These are lovely apples.
   (1) How lovely these apples are!  (2) What lovely these apples are!
   (3) How lovely are these apples!  (4) What lovely are these apples!

53. Select the one that best conveys the meaning of the sentence/phrase:
   Absolute rule by one person.
   (1) plutocracy  (2) autocracy  (3) hippocracy  (4) monopoly

54. Choose the best among the options to fill in the blank:
   He ________ better mind his manners.
   (1) had  (2) should  (3) has  (4) can

55. What does the following idiom mean?
   to run the gauntlet
   (1) to participate in a contest  (2) to sell gloves
   (3) to face criticism  (4) to indulge in trade

56. Choose the correct meaning of the expression.
   A white Elephant.
   (1) An unusual event  (2) A beautiful object
   (3) A possession that is burdensome  (4) An elephant which is white in colour

57. Select the correct sentence.
   (a) Everyone warned you, didn't they?
   (b) I'm living in London. Are you?
   Answer options:
   (1) Only (a)  (2) Only (b)  (3) Both  (4) Neither
58. Identify the sentences which are in the active voice.
   (a) The guard refused him admittance.
   (b) She was handed a chair.
   (c) We are taught grammar by Mr. Krishnaji.

   Answer options:
   (1) (a) only
   (2) (b) only
   (3) Only (a) and (b)
   (4) None of these

59. Choose the option with all four words spelt correctly.
   (1) Lightening, noticeable, vacuum, occasional.
   (2) Lightning, noticeable, vacuum, occasional.
   (3) Lightening, noticable, vaccum, ocassional.
   (4) Lightning, noticeable, vaccum, ocassional.

60. Select the incorrect sentence.
   (a) If you met him, he might guide you.
   (b) If you have studied hard, you would have got good marks.
   (c) If she works regularly, she could achieve her goal.

   Answer options:
   (1) Only (a)
   (2) Only (b)
   (3) Only (b) and (c)
   (4) Only (a) and (c)

61. Fill in the blank with the most appropriate among the given options:
   His _______ makes him a bad negotiator.
   (1) adamancy  (2) adamance  (3) adamantness  (4) adamansion

62. Choose the correctly spelt word.
   (1) PERIMETRE  (2) PERIMETER  (3) PEREMETRE  (4) PERAMETER
63. Rewrite the sentence using ‘No Sooner ............ than’

As soon as he hears the news, he will write to me.

(1) No sooner does he hear the news than he will write to me.
(2) No sooner he hears the news than he will write to me.
(3) No sooner does he hear the news then he will write to me.
(4) No sooner does he hears the news than he will write to me.

64. Find out which are the correct sentences.

(a) These kind of books do not appeal to me.
(b) Those kinds of books do not appeal to me.
(c) These kinds of books do not appeal to me.
(d) This kind of book does not appeal to me.

Answer options:
(1). Only (a)    (2) Only (b)
(3) Both (a) and (b)  (4) (b), (c) and (d)

65. Identify the structure of the sentence:

Being hard-working is not enough.

(1) Simple  (2) Complex
(3) Compound  (4) Compound-Complex

66. Choose the correct indirect narration of the sentence given below:

He said, “Let’s leave the case at the station.”

(a) He suggested leaving the case at the station.
(b) He suggested that they shall leave the case at the station.
(c) He suggested that we should leave the case at the station.

Answer options:
(1) Only (a)    (2) Only (b)
(3) Only (a) and (c)  (4) Only (b) and (c)

67. Rajaji did not see eye to eye with Mr. Nehru on some points.

(1) challenge    (2) dispute    (3) agree    (4) accept
68. With which of the given options do the underlined words most closely rhyme?

He is a good cricketer. He **bowls** quite fast.

Keep the **bowls** next to the plates.

(1) howls and holes  
(2) holes and howls  
(3) both rhyme with holes  
(4) both rhyme with howls

69. Spot the incorrect sentence where misrelated participle has been used.

(a) After waiting in the queue for ten minutes the bus arrived completely full.  
(b) After we had been waiting in the queue for ten minutes the bus arrived completely full.

**Answer options:**  
(1) Only (a)  
(2) Only (b)  
(3) Both (a) and (b)  
(4) Neither (a) nor (b)

70. Identify the Mood:

"Speak"

(1) Indicative  
(2) Subjunctive  
(3) Imperative  
(4) None of the above

71. Choose the incorrect sentence.

(a) I woke up; I got out of bed.  
(b) He says; laws die, books never.  
(c) O God, Help me.

**Answer options:**  
(1) Only (a)  
(2) Only (b)  
(3) Only (a) and (c)  
(4) None of the three

72. Identify the option closest in meaning to the sentence given below:

I **request** that the meeting should be postponed.

(1) I request to postpone the meeting.  
(2) I request postponement of the meeting.  
(3) I requested to postpone the meeting.  
(4) I requested postponement of the meeting.
73. Which of the given options comes nearest in meaning to the underlined word?

This is an intractable problem.

(1) impossible to locate  (2) impossible to understand
(3) impossible to resolve  (4) impossible to track

74. Select the word that is most nearly opposite in meaning to the word given.

Incessantly

(1) Frequently              (2) Periodically            (3) Regularly   (4) Submissive

75. Choose the most appropriate phrase:

He is on good terms with the boss, hence he manages to ________ with all kinds of indiscipline.

(1) get along              (2) get out                 (3) get away    (4) get over

Q. No. 76 to 80: Read the passage carefully and find out the options.

In any awkward situation or a misadventure, a man with a sense of humour can take a detached view of it, and laugh at the absurdity. Such a laughter, such a sense of humour is a great relief. The English have it in a marked degree, whereas the French and the Germans lack it.

Whenever one wonders why this sense of humour is required, one should consider the reactions of a person with a sense of humour, and those who have no humour, and is either too serious or too sentimental. A man with a sense of humour looks at the victims of laughter in a sympathetic, loving light, and even if the laugh is turned against himself, he takes it with detachment, in a sportsman-like spirit.

A sense of humour means a sense of proportion. A wise man has a sense of proportion. He is not carried away by an exaggerated or a one-sided view, however exalted it may be. This sense of proportion may be called commonsense. A humorist, in proportion as he is great, is a wise man, a man of sound commonsense, and his laughter is of the highest type. Comedy of the highest type includes, as its soul, this sense of humour.

The spirit of humour teaches us the important philosophy of acceptance. Instead of vainly and frettingly trying to reform the world - 'mould the sorry state of things' - the humorist accepts the incongruity of the world - the absurdity - and laughs at it, and enjoys it. As the mystic at the highest moment of his trance, is one with the world, accepts it, so the humorist at the best, is satisfied with the world, accepts it, and laughs, and enjoys the very absurdity of it.

This laughter of the highest type has naturally a social value. It opens the eyes of the readers to the incongruity and the absurdity of life around us.

76. Choose the word with the closest meaning to the word underlined in the sentence.

The spirit of humour teaches us the important philosophy of acceptance.

(1) to reject    (2) to receive
(3) to laugh     (4) none of the above
77. A humorist is compared to a mystic because:
   (1) He remains detached from others.
   (2) He is always in a trance.
   (3) He accepts the world as it is.
   (4) He tries to change the world.

78. Choose the correct option as per the passage.
   'to open the eyes' means:
   (1) to blink rapidly
   (2) to make aware
   (3) to make sure
   (4) to take a quick look

79. Complete the sentence given by choosing the correct option:
   A sense of humour implies _________.
   (1) one sided viewpoint
   (2) frettingly try to reform
   (3) to avoid laughter
   (4) to accept incongruities

80. Read the passage carefully and find out the options which agree with the sentence given.
   'A person with a sense of humour is ________'.
   (1) judicious, didactic and demanding change
   (2) too serious and sentimental
   (3) sympathetic, detached and loving even if laughed at
   (4) happy with a sense of superiority

81. 78 भारतीय रामायण ही मालिका दूरदर्शनवर सब्रोक्षण कधी प्रसारित झाली?
   (1) 1985 - 86
   (2) 1989 - 90
   (3) 1982 - 83
   (4) 1987 - 88
   The seventyeight episodes of the television series Ramayan were first telecast on Doordarshan in ________.
   (1) 1985 - 86
   (2) 1989 - 90
   (3) 1982 - 83
   (4) 1987 - 88

कक्ष्या कामासाठी जाणा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

P.T.O.
82. State whether the following statements about C.D. Deshmukh are true or false?

(a) He was the Union Finance Minister.
(b) He was the Member of Parliament from Colaba.
(c) He resigned in protest against Mumbai not being allotted to Maharashtra.

Answer options:

(1) (a), (b) and (c) all are true.
(2) (a), (b) and (c) all are not true.
(3) (a) and (b) are true, (c) is not true.
(4) (a) and (c) are true, (b) is not true.

83. When the Rajya Sabha member Lilavati Munshi argued in 1954 that ‘Cinema might badly influence the youth’, ________ actor and Rajya Sabha member insisted that, ‘Sunshine and Shadow went hand in hand.’

(1) Raj Kapoor
(2) Prithviraj Kapoor
(3) Dileep Kumar
(4) Dev Anand
The anti-price rise movement of 1973-75, was organized by communist and socialist women in the urban areas of Maharashtra, Kerala, Madras, and Madhya Pradesh.

The producer of 'Achhut Kanya' was unable to get Dr. Ambedkar, Mahatma Gandhi, Vitthal Ramji Shinde, or Jayprakash Narayan, the Crusader against untouchability and who also had seen 'Ram Rajya' film only halfway, to see his film.

The Home Minister conducted negotiations with the Princes regarding their privy purses and introduced the bill that annulled the privileges of the princes.
87. Dr. Rubaiya Sayeed who was kidnapped at Shrinagar by Jammu and Kashmir Liberation Front was the daughter of Mufti Mohammed Sayeed, who was the ________ of India.

(1) Finance Minister  
(2) Defence Minister  
(3) Foreign Minister  
(4) Home Minister

88. Who had formed the ‘Jan Morcha’, which was merged in October 1988, with the Old Janata Party to form the Janata Dal?

(1) N.T. Rama Rao  
(2) V.P. Singh  
(3) Morarji Desai  
(4) Charan Singh

89. Pick out the odd thing from the following:

(1) Apsara  
(2) Aryabhata  
(3) Dhruva  
(4) Kamini

90. Who from the following had participated in the Bandung Conference in 1955?

(1) Franklin Roosevelt, Lal Bahadur Shastri, Nasser  
(2) Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Nasser, Chou-En-Lai  
(3) Winston Churchill, Dr. Rajendra Prasad, Barrister Jinnah  
(4) Clement Attlee, Mao Tse Tung, Nelson Mandela
91. The new Industrial Policy of Maharashtra was proclaimed on ________.
   (1) 1 November, 2006 (2) 1 November, 2007
   (3) 1 November, 2008 (4) 1 November, 2005

92. Consider the following statements and answer which is correct regarding Maharashtra State?
   (a) Mumbai suburban district is smallest district in terms of area.
   (b) Ahmednagar is largest district in terms of area.

   Answer options:
   (1) (a) correct (b) wrong (2) (a) wrong (b) correct
   (3) Both correct (4) Both wrong

93. How much time is required by the earth to complete one rotation around itself?
   (1) 23 hours 56 minutes 4.09 seconds (2) 23 hours 55 minutes 59.09 seconds
   (3) 23 hours 55 minutes 49.09 seconds (4) 23 hours 56 minutes 0.09 seconds

कच्च्या कामासाठी जाणा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK
94. Which confluence of the river is called the Pranitha river?

(a) Wardha, Vainganga, Painganga (b) Anjana, Girja, Manjara (c) Pravara, Mula, Shivana (d) Poorna, Dudhana, Darana

Answer options:
(1) Only (a) (2) (b) and (d) (3) (c) and (a) (4) Only (d)

95. State the forms of precipitation from the following.

(a) Rainfall (b) Drizzle (c) Snowfall (d) Cloud

Answer options:
(1) Only (a) (2) (a) and (d) only (3) (a), (b) and (c) (4) (c) and (d)

96. Among the following districts of Maharashtra which district does not touch the boundary of Telangana State in East?

(1) Chandrapur (2) Yavatmal (3) Gondia (4) Nanded
Observe the following statements.

(a) The length of every longitude is 20,000 km.
(b) The distance between two longitudes on equator is 101.04 km.
(c) The Indian Standard Time is 5 hours 30 minutes behind the World Standard Time.

Which of the above statement/statements is/are correct?

(1) Only Statement (a)  (2) Only Statement (b)
(3) Statement (a) and (b)  (4) Statement (b) and (c)

The large plateau spread to the east of the Sahyadri Mountain ranges is called:

(a) Plateau of Maharashtra or Deccan Plateau.
(b) Buldhana and Aundh Plateau
(c) Saswad and Khanapur Plateau
(d) Igneous Plateau

Answer options:

(1) (a) only  (2) (b) and (c)  (3) (c) and (d)  (4) (d) only
99. According to 2011 census arrange the following districts of Maharashtra in descending order in terms of high sex ratio.

(1) Gondia, Sindhudurg, Ratnagiri (2) Gondia, Ratnagiri, Sindhudurg
(3) Sindhudurg, Ratnagiri, Gondia (4) Ratnagiri, Sindhudurg, Gondia

100. Arrange the following Sea Forts of Maharashtra from South to North.

(1) Vijaydurg, Janjira, Sindhudurg (2) Janjira, Sindhudurg, Vijaydurg
(3) Sindhudurg, Janjira, Vijaydurg (4) Sindhudurg, Janjira, Vijaydurg

101. Consider the following statements about Gram-Panchayats in Maharashtra.

(a) A backward class candidate is eligible to elect as Sarpanch which is unreserved (open).

(b) A backward class person elected from General (open) seat is eligible to elect as Sarpanch which is reserved for backward class.

Answer options:

(1) Statement (a) is correct (2) Statement (b) is correct
(3) Both the statements are correct (4) Both the statements are false
The design of the National Flag of India was adopted by the Constituent Assembly on

(1) 9th December, 1946, at its first meeting
(2) 22nd January, 1947, when it adopted the famous objective resolution
(3) 22nd July, 1947
(4) 14th August, 1947

102. संविधान सभेने भारतीय राष्ट्रीय ध्वजाची रचना कोणतीची आहे?

(a) राहुल पाल हा राज्याचा राष्ट्रात्मक प्रमुख आहे.
(b) मुख्यमंत्री हा राज्य शासनाचा प्रमुख आहे.
(c) सचिव हा राज्याचा प्रशासकीय प्रमुख आहे.

पय्याली उत्तरे:

(1) (a) (2) (b) (3) (c) (4) वरील विषयाची कोणतेही नाही

Which one of the following statements is false?

(a) Governor is the constitutional head of the state.
(b) Chief Minister is the head of the State Government.
(c) Secretary is the administrative head of the state.

Answer options:

(1) (a) (2) (b) (3) (c) (4) None of the above
104. जोडण लावा - (मूलभूत अधिकार).

पर्यायी उत्तरे :

(1) (ii) (iv) (i) (iii)
(2) (ii) (iv) (iii) (i)
(3) (iv) (ii) (iii) (i)
(4) (iv) (ii) (i) (iii)

Match the pairs - (Fundamental Rights).

Answer options :

(a) Article 14  (i) Abolition of Untouchability
(b) Article 16  (ii) Equality of Opportunity
(c) Article 17  (iii) Abolition of Titles
(d) Article 18  (iv) Equality before Law
Consider the following statements.

(a) If on receipt of a report from the Governor or otherwise the President is satisfied that the Government of the state cannot be carried on in accordance with the Constitution he may impose a President’s Rule.

(b) The satisfaction of the President means the satisfaction of the Union Government.

(c) President’s Rule is actually rule by the Union Government.

(d) The National Commission to Review the working of the Constitution (NCRWC) has recommended that the Article 356 should be deleted.

**Answer options**:

(1) Statements (a), (b), (c) are correct

(2) Statements (b), (c), (d) are correct

(3) Statements (a) and (d) are correct

(4) Statements (a), (b), (c), (d) are correct
106. Which of the following statements about the Legislative Council is/are not correct?

(a) Broadly speaking 5/6 of the total number of members are elected indirectly.

(b) 1/6 members are nominated by the Governor.

(c) The courts can question the bonafide of the Governor’s nomination.

Answer options:

(1) (a) (2) (b) (3) (c) (4) (a) and (c)

107. Which article in the chapter of Directive Principles directs the States to prohibit consumption of liquor?

(1) Article 41 (2) Article 44 (3) Article 47 (4) Article 51

Kāchāya kāmāsāthi jāga /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK
109. खालीलप्रमाणेचा ‘पितृपणकी विस्तृत्त व वक्तात्मक हक्कां’ समावेश होत नाही?

(1) मानवी व्यापारस प्रतिबंध
(2) अस्मृतवत निवारण
(3) वेतनविगटन प्रतिबंध
(4) मुलंजा विपणनाची विविधानी कामाचे प्रतिबंध

Which of the following does not include in the ‘Right against Exploitation’?

(1) Prohibition of traffic in human beings
(2) Abolition of untouchability
(3) Prohibition of begging
(4) Prohibition of employment of children in hazardous jobs

कच्च्या कामासाठी जागा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

P.T.O.
110. 9 दिसंबर 1946 रोजी नवी दिल्लीमध्ये कॉन्सट्यूट्युशन हॅल मध्ये घटना समतोलीचे पाहिजे बैठक भरली होती. त्या हॅल्ल्याच्या आवात __________ महत्त्वाचे.
(1) संसदीय ग्यानपीठ (2) पालिमेंट हाउस वा सेंट्रल हॅल (3) पालिमेंट हाउस अनेकस (4) लोकसभा चैंबर

The Constitution hall where the first meeting of the Constituent Assembly was held on 9th December, 1946, in New Delhi is now known as the _______.
(1) Sansadiya Gyanpeeth (2) Central Hall of the Parliament House (3) Parliament House Annexe (4) Lok Sabha Chamber

111. राष्ट्रपती __________ सोबत विचार विनिमय केल्यानंतर न्यायाधींशांचे बदले एका उच्च न्यायालयातुन दुसऱ्या उच्च न्यायालयात करतात.
(1) अध्यक्ष (2) उपराष्ट्रपती (3) विधि मंत्री (4) बरोबरीची एकाची नाही

Judges may be transferred from one High Court to another by the President after consulting ___________.
(1) Prime Minister (2) Vice-President (3) Law Minister (4) None of the above

112. 'विधानसभा' बाबत खालील विधाने विचार घ्या.
(a) महाराष्ट्रातील अनुसूचित जनतासाठी 29 जागा या राज्यात आहेत.
(b) अरुणाचल प्रदेशात 60 पैकी 59 जागा या अनुसूचित जनतासाठी राज्यात आहेत.
(c) नागालैंडमध्ये सर्व जागा या अनुसूचित जनतासाठी राज्यात आहेत.
(d) उत्तर प्रदेशात 60 जागा अनुसूचित जनतासाठी एकाची जागा राज्यात आहेत.

पय्याची उत्तरे:
(1) विधाने (a), (b) बरोबर (2) विधाने (b), (c) बरोबर (3) विधाने (a), (d) बरोबर (4) विधाने (b), (d) बरोबर

Consider the following statements about the 'Legislative Assembly'.
(a) In Maharashtra, 29 seats are reserved for Scheduled Tribes.
(b) In Arunachal Pradesh, out of 60 seats, 59 are reserved for Scheduled Tribes.
(c) In Nagaland, all seats are reserved for Scheduled Tribes.
(d) In Uttar Pradesh, not a single seat is reserved for Scheduled Tribes.

Answer options:
(1) Statements (a), (b) are correct (2) Statements (b), (c) are correct
(3) Statements (a), (d) are correct (4) Statements (b), (d) are correct

कृपया कामासाठी जागा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK
113. Who among the following persons became Prime Ministers after being Chief Minister of their respective states?

(a) Morarji Desai  
(b) Charan Singh  
(c) V.P. Singh  
(d) P.V. Narasimha Rao  
(e) H.D. Deve Gowda

**Answer options:**

(1) (a), (c), (d)  
(2) (a), (b), (e)  
(3) (a), (b), (c), (e)  
(4) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)

114. Which of the following statements is not correct?

(1) The prescribed term of office for a Governor is five years but he holds office at the pleasure of the President.

(2) The pleasure of the President is not challengeable before any court.

(3) The Governor has no security of tenure, he may be removed by the President at any time.

(4) The Constitution has laid down some grounds upon which a Governor may be removed by the President.

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क्रम्य कामासाठी जागा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK
115. Which one of the following statements is not correct?

(1) The Fundamental Duties are now eleven in number.
(2) The Fundamental Duties has been inserted by the 42nd Constitutional Amendment Act, 1976.
(3) The Fundamental Duties are incorporated in Article 51.
(4) There is no provision in the Constitution for direct enforcement of any of these Duties.

116. Which Five Year Plan aims at inclusive growth?

(1) Ninth Five Year Plan
(2) Tenth Five Year Plan
(3) Eleventh Five Year Plan
(4) Twelfth Five Year Plan

117. Consider the following statements about the ‘National Commission to Review the Working of the Constitution’ (NCRWC).

(a) It was appointed by the President in February 2000.
(b) It was headed by M.N. Venkatchaliah with 11 members.
(c) Submitted its report on 31st March, 2002.
(d) It made 249 recommendations.

Which of the above statements are correct?

(1) (a), (b), (c)
(2) (b), (c), (d)
(3) (a), (b), (c), (d)
(4) Only (a) and (b)
118. From the point of view of resource mobilisation for the plans, which is the main internal source of finance?

(1) Foreign aid (2) Public debt
(3) Taxation (4) Foreign capital

119. Which one of the following has been described as the 'Soul of the Indian Constitution'?

(1) The chapter on Fundamental Rights
(2) The chapter on Directive Principles
(3) The Preamble
(4) The Provisions regarding Judicial Review

120. In which plan 'Garibi Hatao' (Removal of poverty) slogan was given?

(1) Third Plan (2) Fourth Plan (3) Fifth Plan (4) Sixth Plan

121. The edition of Exercise Malabar - 2016 was conducted in June, 2016 by the Indian Navy along with naval forces of Japan and USA.

(1) 16th (2) 19th (3) 20th (4) 22nd
122. ‘तेजस’ काय आहे?

(1) रणगाडा (2) रणगाडा सिरोंची क्षेपणास्त्र
(3) लडाकू विमान (4) उपग्रह

What is ‘Tejas’?

(1) Tank (2) Anti-tank Missile
(3) Fighter Plane (4) Satellite

123. 2016 मध्ये ‘पद्मविभूषण’ ने कोणाला समानित करण्यात आले?

(1) अनुपम खेर (2) साबना नेहराल
t(3) यामनी कृष्णमूर्ती (4) विजेद गाय

Who has been honoured by ‘Padma Vibhushan’ in 2016?

(1) Anupam Kher (2) Saina Nehwal
(3) Yamini Krushnamurti (4) Vinod Rai

124. मे – जून, 2016 मध्ये भारत सरकारच्या स्मार्ट सिटी प्रकल्पांतर्गत स्मार्ट सिटी आवाहन स्पर्शव्या पहिल्या फेरीत भारतातील किती शहरांची निवड करण्यात आली?

(1) 10 (2) 20 (3) 50 (4) 100

How many cities in India were selected in the first round of ‘Smart City Challenge Competition’ under the Smart City Project of Government of India in May - June, 2016?

(1) 10 (2) 20 (3) 50 (4) 100

125. नव्या शैक्षणिक धोरणाधारात कोणत्या समितीने नतुकताच अपल्य अहावले केंद्र-सासनाला सादर केली आहे?

(1) टी.एस.आर. सुब्रमण्य समिती (2) अशोक दलवाई समिती
(3) जे.एस. राजपूत समिती (4) सुधीर मंकड समिती

Which committee has recently submitted its report on ‘New Education Policy’ to the Central Government?

(1) TSR Subramanian Committee (2) Ashok Dalwai Committee
(3) J.S. Rajput Committee (4) Sudhir Mankad Committee
126. भारत सरकार ने साली निबंधी वेतन निधि नियामक आयोग विकास प्राधिकरणाची (PFRDA) स्थापना केली.
(1) 2013   (2) 2003   (3) 2006   (4) 2007
Government of India established Pension Fund Regulatory and Development Authority (PFRDA) in ________.
(1) 2013   (2) 2003   (3) 2006   (4) 2007

127. 2015 चा 'दादा साहेब फालके' पुरस्कार प्राप्त मनोज कुमार फिल्माच्या वातावरणात खालीलप्रमाणे कोणते विधान बरोबर नाही?
(1) त्यांचे खरे नाव हरिकृष्ण गिरी गोस्वामी आहे.
(2) त्यांचा देशभक्तीपूर्वक चित्रपटपुरुष, ज्यात त्यांची नायक 'भारत' महान भूमिका केल्या, त्यांचा 'भारत' हे टीकण नाव मिळाले.
(3) शिरींदेव म्हणजेच रस्त्यावर 'मनोज कुमार गोस्वामी मार्ग' असे नावाचा करणार ते असे आहे.
(4) 'बेहदम्य' चित्रपटातील सर्वोत्कृष्ट कलाकार महान 'फिल्मफेयर' पारितोषिक मिळाले.
Which of the following statements is not correct about Manoj Kumar - the recipient of 'Dadasaheb Phalke Award' for 2015?
(1) His real name is Harikrishna Giri Goswamy.
(2) Because of his patriotic films, in which he acted as hero 'Bharat’, he is nicknamed as ‘Bharat’.
(3) Pimpalgaon road in Shirdi has been named as ‘Manoj Kumar Goswamy Marg’.
(4) Received the best actor 'Filmfare Award' for film ‘Beiman’.

128. सुनिल लंबा फिल्मचा बायको खालीलप्रमाणे कोणते विधान बरोबर नाही?
(1) नौदल प्रमुख महानून नेमाघर जाते.
(2) त्याची आर के धरण यांची जाणा खेलती आहे.
(3) ते भारतीय नौदलाचे 23 वे आयोग भारतीय महानून 21 वे प्रमुख बनले आहेत.
(4) ते पदभूषण पुरस्कार प्राप्त आहेत.
Which one of the following statement about Sunil Lamba is not correct?
(1) Appointed as a Chief of Navy.
(2) He has succeeded R.K. Dhawan.
(3) He became the 23rd Chief of Indian Navy and 21st as an Indian.
(4) He is a recipient of Padma Bhushan.
129. The speciality of victory of Sania Mirza in ‘Circle Tennis’ competition - 2015, America is:

1. won the Women’s Double with Martina Hinggis.
2. won the final in 57 minutes.
3. with the victory secured 479 ranking points.
4. became the first Indian woman to achieve first rank in the World in Women’s Doubles.

130. Which one is not an objective of ‘Dr. Shyamaprasad Mukherjee Jan-Van Vikas Scheme’ of Maharashtra?

1. To achieve welfare and socio-economic development of Scheduled Tribes.
2. To create comprehensive development of villages in the buffer zones of tiger reserves and around them.
3. To reduce the man and wild animal conflict.
4. To reduce dependence of villagers on the forest.

131. Name the scheme which will provide LPG connection to five crore women beneficiaries from BPL families.

1. Ujala
2. Ujjwala
3. Unnati
4. Uday
Defence Research and Development Organisation recently (June, 2016) signed a memorandum of understanding with ______ to establish the Jagdish Chandra Bose Centre for Advanced Technology.

1. Jadavpur University
2. O.P. Jindal Global University
3. Birla Institute of Technology and Science
4. Tata Institute of Fundamental Research

Consider the following statements about Queen Elizabeth II of Britain.

(a) The longest reigning monarch in the World.
(b) Visited 116 countries.
(c) Coins of most of the countries in the World carry her image.

Which of the statement/statements given above is/are correct?

1. (a) only
2. (b) and (c) only
3. (a) and (c) only
4. (a), (b) and (c)
134. ‘मैत्री धरणा’ (Friendship Dam) बाबतच्या विधानांच्या विचार करा.
(a) हे धरण अफगानिस्तानमध्ये बांधले आहे.
(b) भारताने ते हरिदुर्ग नदीवर र 1,700 कोटी खर्च करून बांधले आहे.
(c) ल्याचे पूर्वीचे नाव ‘सलमा धरण’ होते.
(d) ते भारत-अफगानिस्तान मैत्रीचे प्रतीक झाल्यात ल्याचे ‘मैत्री धरण’ असे पुन: नामकरण करणात आले.

जरीत विधानांच्या कोणते/कोणती विधान/विधानात सत्य आहे/आहेत?
(1) केवळ (a) (2) केवळ (b) आणि (c) (3) केवळ (a), (b) आणि (d) (4) सर्व

135. घनकच्या व्यवस्थापनाच्या ‘वेंगुरला पैटर्न’ बाबतच्या विधानांच्या विचार करा.
(a) ते वेंगुरला नगरपालिकेचा राष्ट्रीय संसाधन ‘पुद्दारा प्रकल्प’ आहें.
(b) संयुक्त राष्ट्रांच्या विकास कार्यक्रम (युएनडीपी) संस्थेच्या त्यांची प्रशंसा झाली आहे.
(c) ऑला, सुंका, प्लास्टिक व काच, धातुकच्या अशा घनकच्या बांधा प्रकाराच्या विभागांवर ते आधारित आहें.
(d) प्लास्टिक कच्च्याच्या संस्थानांचे एक संगठन 6 ते रात्री 10 आहे.

जरीत विधानांची कोणते/कोणती विधान/विधानात बरोबर आहेत/आहेत?
(1) केवळ (a) (2) केवळ (b) आणि (c) (3) केवळ (a) आणि (d) (4) सर्व

Consider the statements about ‘Friendship Dam’.
(a) The dam is built in Afghanistan.
(b) It is by India on river Harirud at the cost of ₹ 1,700 crore.
(c) It’s previous name was ‘Salama Dam’.
(d) It has become a symbol of Indo-Afghanistan friendship hence, re-named as ‘Friendship Dam’.

Which of the statement/statements given above is/are true?
(1) (a) only (2) (b) and (c) only (3) (a), (b) and (d) only (4) All

Consider the statements about ‘Vengurla Pattern’ of solid waste management.
(a) It is a ‘Pilot Project’ being carried out by Vengurla Municipality.
(b) Appreciated by United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) Organisation.
(c) Based on the separation of the solid waste in four categories as - wet, dry, plastic and glass, metal waste.
(d) The plastic waste collection timing is 6 a.m. to 10 p.m.

Which of the above statement/statements is/are correct?
(1) (a) only (2) (b) and (c) only (3) (a) and (d) only (4) All
Consider the provisions of 'New Atrocity Act' implemented from January, 2016.
(a) To complete the inquiry and submit the indictment within 60 days.
(b) To establish a special court for trial.
(c) To give financial help to rape victim women.
(d) To give financial help to the victims and their family members, within 7 days.
Which of the provisions given above is/are correct?
(1) Only (a) and (b)  (2) Only (a) and (c)
(3) Only (a) and (d)  (4) All

As per the United Nations' Human Development Index, 2015 [based on measures of 188 countries], in - life expectancy, education and income or standard of living - serially first four best countries to live on earth are:
(1) Norway, Australia, Switzerland, Denmark
(2) Australia, Norway, Switzerland, Denmark
(3) Switzerland, Norway, Australia, Denmark
(4) Norway, Australia, Denmark, Switzerland
138. 'Pune Festival Lifetime Achievement Award - 2015' was conferred to
(1) Shashi Kapoor and Hema Malini
(2) Anil Kapoor and Shekhar Suman
(3) Prem Chopra and Shashi Kapoor
(4) Anil Kapoor and Maharaja of Mysuru Yaduveer Krishnadatta Chamraj Wadiyar

139. भारत ने क्षेत्रांत संबंध नियंत्रण गद्दा (MTCR) __________ पूर्ण सदस्य बनल आहे.
(1) 35 वा (2) 38 वा (3) 49 वा (4) 21 वा
India became __________ full member of the Missile Technology Control Regime (MTCR).
(1) 35th (2) 38th (3) 49th (4) 21st

140. 'ग्राम-न्यायलय' मागील उद्देशांच्या विचार करा.
(a) न्यायब्यवस्थेचे विकटकरण
(b) जलद न्याय
(c) स्वस्त न्याय
(d) कमी मनताप व जास्त
बरोबरीकी कौनती उद्देश्ये बरोबर आहेत?
(1) केवळ (a) आणि (b) (2) केवळ (b) आणि (c)
(3) केवळ (a) आणि (d) (4) सर्व
Consider the objectives behind the concept of 'Gram-Nyayalaya' [Village Judiciary].
(a) Decentralization of Judicial system
(b) Speedy Justice
(c) Cheap Justice
(d) Less anguish and trouble
Which of the objectives given above are correct?
(1) (a) and (b) only (2) (b) and (c) only
(3) (a) and (d) only (4) All

कच्च्या कामासाठी जागा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK
141. Amol's father has neither a brother nor a sister but Amol is Ganesh's nephew then what is the relation of Ganesh with Amol's father?

(1) brother-in-law  (2) nephew  (3) son-in-law  (4) maternal uncle

142. Select the time that a watch loose per day if its hands coincide every 64 minutes.

(1) 96 minutes  (2) 90 minutes  (3) $\frac{365}{11}$ minutes  (4) $\frac{328}{11}$ minutes

143. Select the logical image for the sixth place in the following series:

Select the logical image for the sixth place in the following series:
The 'UDAY' scheme is related to reforms in the ______ sector.

In a certain code language the numbers 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 are used for A, B, C, D, E, F, G but not in order. Neither number 7 nor 8 stands for B. The first odd number in the sequence given is used for A and the biggest even number for D. The number 6 or 10 is used as a code for C. But for E the numbers 4, 8, 9 are not used. The number 7 or 9 is used for F, and the even number is used for G. Decode and simplify following expression.

\[
\frac{C \times F + E \times G - D}{A \times B}
\]

In a certain code language the numbers 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 are used for A, B, C, D, E, F, G but not in order. Neither number 7 nor 8 stands for B. The first odd number in the sequence given is used for A and the biggest even number for D. The number 6 or 10 is used as a code for C. But for E the numbers 4, 8, 9 are not used. The number 7 or 9 is used for F, and the even number is used for G. Decode and simplify following expression.
Out of 950 boys in a college, 306 play Kho-Kho, 274 play Kabaddi and 370 play Foot-ball, of the total 79 play both Foot-ball and Kabaddi, 132 play Kho-Kho and Foot-ball and 91 play Kabaddi and Kho-Kho. 51 play all the three games. Then how many boys do not play any game?

146. महाविद्यालयातल्या 950 मुलांपैकी 306 खो-खो खेळतात. 274 कबड्डी खेळतात आणि 370 फुटबॉल खेळतात. एकूण मुलांपैकी 79 फुटबॉल व कबड्डी, 132 खो-खो व फुटबॉल आणि 91 कबड्डी व खो-खो हे दोन खेळ खेळतात. 51 मुले तीनही खेळ खेळतात. तर एकही खेळ न खेळणारा मुलांची संख्या किती?

Kabaddi → 91
Kho-Kho → 51
Foot-ball → 132

(1) 181  (2) 271  (3) 251  (4) 274

Out of 950 boys in a college, 306 play Kho-Kho, 274 play Kabaddi and 370 play Foot-ball, of the total 79 play both Foot-ball and Kabaddi, 132 play Kho-Kho and Foot-ball and 91 play Kabaddi and Kho-Kho. 51 play all the three games. Then how many boys do not play any game?

SON : QML :: GIRL : __?

(1) FHQK  (2) EGPK  (3) FGQJ  (4) EGPJ

Analogy present between first two words is identical with analogy between second pair of words. Which word will replace question mark?

SON : QML :: GIRL : __?

(1) FHQK  (2) EGPK  (3) FGQJ  (4) EGPJ

कस्त्र्या कामावरी जागा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

P.T.O.
148. "20 विद्यार्थी परीक्षा अनुतीर्ण झाले". हा निष्कर्ष नेहमी सत्य दरवर्णारे दोन तथ्ये ओळखा.

तथ्ये:

(a) 40 विद्यार्थी परीक्षा उत्तीर्ण झाले.
(b) 10 विद्यार्थींनी परीक्षा पूर्ण केली नाही म्हणून ते उत्तीर्ण वा अनुतीर्ण झाले नाहीत.
(c) उत्तीर्ण झालेल्या विद्यार्थ्याची संख्या अनुतीर्ण विद्यार्थ्यापक्ष 2 : 1 ने जास्त आहे.
(d) अनुतीर्ण झालेल्या विद्यार्थ्याची संख्या परीक्षा पूर्ण न करणायलपेक्षा 5 : 1 ने जास्त आहे.

पर्यायी उत्तरे:

(1) (a), (b)  (2) (a), (c)  (3) (b), (c)  (4) (b), (d)

Identify two facts that prove conclusion, "Twenty students failed the exam". To be always true.

Facts:

(a) 40 students passed the exam.
(b) 10 students did not complete the exam and so neither passed nor failed.
(c) Number of students who passed outnumbered those who failed by 2 : 1.
(d) Number of students who failed outnumbered those who did not complete exam by 5 : 1.

Answer options:

(1) (a), (b)  (2) (a), (c)  (3) (b), (c)  (4) (b), (d)

149. केट ही युगपेक्षा वयाने तीनपट मोठी आहे. मिनी ही वयाने झरिनच्या निम्ने आहे. युग मिनीपेक्षा वयाने मोठा आहे. सत्य अनुमानाच्या निवड करा.

(1) केट कदाचित झरिनपेक्षा वयाने लहान असेल  (2) युग वयाने झरिनपेक्षा मोठा आहे
(3) केट वयाने झरिनपेक्षा मोठी आहे  (4) वरील सर्व अनुमान सत्य आहेत

Kate is three times older than Yuga. Mini is half the age of Zarin. Yuga is older than Mini. Select the true inference.

(1) Kate may be younger than Zarin  (2) Yuga is older than Zarin
(3) Kate is older than Zarin  (4) All above are correct

कच्च्या कामासाठी जगा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK
150. Study the given arrangement of numbers and select the option for replacing question mark.

75, 87, 53, 61, 81, 90, 67, __?

(1) 79  
(2) 80  
(3) 75  
(4) There is no pattern for deciding number for replacement

151. Rango told her granddaughter, “I am 72 years old if I do not count the Friday”. Select actual age of Rango.

(1) 91  
(2) 89  
(3) 87  
(4) 86

152. Niraj was standing facing West, from that point he went 9 meters to North. After taking left turn he walked 7 meters straight then turning left again he walked 9 meters straight. Then he took right turn and walked 5 meters straight. How many meters will he needs to walk straight to reach the starting point?

(1) 12 meters  
(2) 14 meters  
(3) 16 meters  
(4) 18 meters
153. Given below are five statements followed by options comprised of three statements in a specific order. Choose the option where the third statement is valid conclusion based on the preceding two statements.

**Statements:**

(a) Traffic congestion increases carbon monoxide in the air.
(b) Traffic congestion is hazardous to health.
(c) Traffic congestion is not always hazardous to health.
(d) Traffic congestion does not always cause increase in carbon monoxide.
(e) Increase in carbon monoxide is hazardous to health.

**Answer options:**

(1) (c), (b), (e) (2) (a), (e), (b) (3) (e), (b), (a) (4) (c), (d), (e)

154. If in a certain code language, 'mxy das zci' means 'good little frock'; 'Jmx cos zci' means 'girl behaves good'; 'nug drs cos' means 'girl makes mistake' and 'das ajp cos' means 'little girl felt', which word in that language stands for 'frock'?

(1) mxy (2) zci (3) das (4) cos

If in a certain code language, ‘mxy das zci’ means ‘good little frock’; ‘mxy cos zci’ means ‘girl behaves good’; ‘nug drs cos’ means ‘girl makes mistake’ and ‘das ajp cos’ means ‘little girl felt’, which word in that language stands for ‘frock’?
Select the option that would look like the following transparent paper sheet after folding it as shown by the arrows:

(1)  (2)  (3)  (4)
156. A man does thrice the work done by his wife and wife does double the work done by her daughter. If they got a job and finished their work for which they received remuneration of ₹1,800 then find respective shares of the man, wife and daughter.

Choose correct option from the following:

1. 1,000, 500, 300  
2. 900, 300, 600  
3. 400, 1,200, 200  
4. 1,200, 400, 200

157. If \( \tan \theta = 2 \) \( [\theta < 90^\circ] \) then \( \csc \theta = ? \)

Choose correct option from the following:

1. \( \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2} \)  
2. \( \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \)  
3. \( \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}} \)  
4. \( \sqrt{5} \)

158. Suresh, Mahesh and Rahul started a business by investing total amount of ₹5,780. If Suresh invested 10% more than Mahesh and Mahesh invested 10% less than Rahul. How much amount did Rahul invested?

Choose correct option from the following:

1. ₹2,000  
2. ₹2,060  
3. ₹2,100  
4. ₹2,210

159. A batsman has certain average of runs for 12 innings. In the 13th inning, he scored 64 runs thereby decreasing the average by 2. What is the average of runs after 13th innings?

Choose correct option from the following:

1. 78  
2. 88  
3. 90  
4. 92
160. The HCF and LCM of two numbers are 6 and 72 respectively. If the ratio of two numbers is 3 : 4, then which is smaller of these two numbers?

(1) 9  (2) 12  (3) 18  (4) 36

The HCF and LCM of two numbers are 6 and 72 respectively. If the ratio of two numbers is 3 : 4, then which is smaller of these two numbers?

(1) 9  (2) 12  (3) 18  (4) 36

161. Sum of four consecutive odd numbers is 48. What is the sum of squares of these numbers?

(1) 596  (2) 626  (3) 656  (4) 686

Sum of four consecutive odd numbers is 48. What is the sum of squares of these numbers?

(1) 596  (2) 626  (3) 656  (4) 686

162. If \( \sqrt{28} - 5 \sqrt{12} \) = ?

(1) \( 7 - \sqrt{3} \)  (2) \( 4 - \sqrt{2} \)  (3) \( 5 - \sqrt{3} \)  (4) \( 2 - \sqrt{5} \)

Find value of, \( \sqrt{28} - 5 \sqrt{12} \) = ?

(1) \( 7 - \sqrt{3} \)  (2) \( 4 - \sqrt{2} \)  (3) \( 5 - \sqrt{3} \)  (4) \( 2 - \sqrt{5} \)

163. \( \frac{1}{148 \times 384} + \frac{1}{384 \times 236} - \frac{1}{148 \times 236} = ? \)

(1) \( \frac{1}{384} \)  (2) 0  (3) \( \frac{1}{236} \)  (4) 1

Find: \( \frac{1}{148 \times 384} + \frac{1}{384 \times 236} - \frac{1}{148 \times 236} = ? \)

(1) \( \frac{1}{384} \)  (2) 0  (3) \( \frac{1}{236} \)  (4) 1

P.T.O.
164. Two nonparallel sides of a parallelogram are of measure 25 cm and 60 cm and one of the diagonals is of measure 65 cm. Find the area of parallelogram. 

Choose the correct option from the following:

(1) 750 sq. cm (2) 1500 sq. cm (3) 1000 sq. cm (4) 1200 sq. cm

165. The difference between simple and compound interest on certain amount for 4 years at 10% p.a. is ₹ 1,282, what is principal?

(1) ₹ 10,000 (2) ₹ 15,000 (3) ₹ 20,000 (4) ₹ 25,000

166. Trade Mark is:

(a) Current asset
(b) Fictitious asset
(c) Tangible asset
(d) Intangible asset

Which of the statement/statements given above is/are correct?

(1) (a) and (b) (2) (b) only
(3) (d) only (4) None of the above
167. A bank pass-book is a copy of:
(a) the cash column of a customer’s cash book
(b) the bank column of a customer’s cash book
(c) the customer’s account in the bank’s ledger
(d) none of the above
Which of the statement/statements given above is/are correct?
(1) (c) only
(2) (a), (b), and (c)
(3) (d) only
(4) (b) only

168. Source documents for accounting include the following:
(1) Sales order
(2) Purchase order
(3) Invoice and credit notes
(4) All of these

If two sides of trial balance are tally or equally it is indicate that the books of accounts are ________ accurate.
(1) posting
(2) balance of accounts
(3) principle
(4) arithmetically
Under this system, each transaction is seen as a flow of value from one account to another:

(1) Single entry
(2) Double entry
(3) Both (1) and (2)
(4) None of these

Accountancy includes:
(a) Book keeping
(b) Accounting
(c) Book keeping and accounting
(d) Making entries in the purchase book

Which of the statement/statements given above is/are correct?

(1) (a) only
(2) (b) only
(3) (a), (b) and (d) only
(4) (c) only
When closing stock is given in the Trial Balance, it is shown ________.

(1) in credit side of Trading Account
(2) in assets side of Balance Sheet
(3) as deduction from opening stock and purchases
(4) all the above

In case overdraft as per Bank Pass Book is taken as the starting point. It should be put in ________ column of the Bank Reconciliation Statement.

(1) Cash (2) Bank (3) Minus (4) Plus

The voucher is document which provides the authorisation to pay and specifies the accounts to be:

(1) Debited (2) Credited
(3) Debited and Credited (4) None of these
The prime function of Accounting is to:

1. record economic data.
2. provide the informational basis for action.
3. classifying and recording business transactions.
4. attain non-economic goals.

Prepaid Expenses and Outstanding Income are shown on the __________ side of Balance Sheet.

1. Assets
2. Liabilities
3. Assets and Liabilities
4. Fictitious Assets

Depletion Value Method of Depreciation is used for __________ Assets.

1. Cattle and Loose tools etc.
2. Mines and Quarries etc.
3. Machinery and Building etc.
4. Goodwill and Copyright etc.
178. The following is the ‘accounting equation’ of double entry system:
(1) Assets = Equities
(2) Assets = Liabilities + Capital
(3) Assets - Liabilities = Capital
(4) All of these

179. Indian Accounting Standards are:
(1) Mandatory
(2) Optional
(3) Mandatory and Optional
(4) None of these

180. Trial balance indicates:
(a) Arithmetical accuracy
(b) Indicates errors
(c) Summary of Journal
(d) Summary of Ledger
Which of the statement/statements given above is/are correct?
(1) (a) only
(2) (c) only
(3) (a), (b) and (d)
(4) None of the above
181. उत्पन आणि खर्च खाते आहेत:
(a) एक वास्तविक खाते
(b) एक नामधारी खाते
(c) एक वैधकता खाते
(d) मूल्यांक्न खाते
वरीलपैकी कोणते विधान/विधाने बरोबर आहे/आहेत?
(1) (b) फक्त (2) (a) फक्त
(3) (c) आणि (d) (4) वरीलपैकी कोणतेही नाही
Income and expenditure account is:
(a) a real account
(b) a nominal account
(c) a personal account
(d) valuation account
Which of the statement/statements given above is/are correct?
(1) (b) only (2) (a) only
(3) (c) and (d) (4) None of the above

182. घोषणा आकारण पाहोये:
(a) जंगम संपत्ती/अचल संपत्ती
(b) चालु/चल संपत्ती
(c) बाजार शुल्कांवर
(d) अदृश्य संपत्ती
वरीलपैकी योग्य पर्याय निवडा:
(1) (a) आणि (b) (2) (c) फक्त
(3) वरीलपैकी एकही नाही (4) (a) फक्त
Depreciation should be calculated on:
(a) Fixed assets
(b) Current assets
(c) Outward charges
(d) Intangible assets
Select right alternative from the above statements:
(1) (a) and (b) (2) (c) only
(3) None of the above (4) (a) only
The amount of depreciation goes on decreasing value in the every year. Under ________ method.

(1) Fixed installment (2) Straight line
(3) Revaluation (4) Diminishing Balance

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Which of the following is not subsidiary book of Journal or accounts?


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One colour T.V. set sold to ABC and Co. for ₹ 15,000 with 10% trade discount, and charged 10% sales tax on it. Calculate sales tax amount.

(1) ₹ 1,500 (2) ₹ 1,350 (3) ₹ 12,150 (4) ₹ 3,000

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The profitability and solvency of a business should be measured:

(1) after each transaction (2) at the end of the accounting period
(3) at the end of each month (4) at the end of 15 days
187. Which of the statement/statements given above is/are correct?

(a) (b) (c) (d) 

(a) and (b) (d) only (c) and (a) (b) and (c)

188. In case of a debt becoming bad the amount should be credited to:

(1) Debtors account (2) Bad debts account (3) Sales account (4) Purchases account

189. Accounting is the process of:

(1) Recording (2) Classifying (3) Summarising (4) All of these
190. Pre-received income is shown on ______ side of balance sheet.
(1) Assets (2) Liabilities (3) Debit (4) Credit

191. WTO replaced GATT and came into existence on ______.
(1) 1st January, 1957 (2) 1st January, 1991
(3) 1st January, 1995 (4) 1st January, 1996

192. Consider the following statements:
(a) The liberalised Exchange Rate System adopted in the budget of 1992-93 was of a dual nature.
(b) The conversion of the foreign currency under this system was such that 40% at official rate while 60% at the market rate.

Answer options:
(1) (a) only is correct (2) (b) only is correct
(3) (a) and (b) both are correct (4) (a) and (b) both are incorrect
193. The Ministerial Conference of the WTO has not yet held at:
   (a) New Delhi
   (b) Doha
   (c) Uruguay
   (d) Singapore

   **Answer options:**
   (1) (a) and (b)  (2) (c) and (d)  (3) (a) and (c)  (4) (b) and (d)

194. When did India declare New Economic Policy?

   **Answer options:**
Under the foreign investors will be given same rights as the national investors in the matter of investment.

(1) Trade Related Intellectual Property Rights
(2) Trade Related Investment Measures
(3) General Agreement on Trade in Services
(4) None of these

An amoeba is a shapeless unicellular organism. An amoeba propagates by simple division into two amoebas. Every splitting process is completed during 3 minutes. At noon, 0.1% of petridish was filled with amoebas. At what time will the petridish be full?

(1) 13.00  (2) 13.20  (3) 12.30  (4) 12.45

The Food Safety and Standards Authority of India (FSSAI) was established under Food Safety and Standards Act, ________.
198. The economic reforms adopted in 1991 comprises of these things:

(a) Macroeconomic stabilization
(b) Effective population control
(c) Structural reforms

Answer options:

(1) (a), (b) and (c) all
(2) (a) and (b) only
(3) (b) and (c) only
(4) (a) and (c) only

199. Which term refers to freedom to business enterprises from excessive government control?

(1) Privatization
(2) Liberalization
(3) Globalization
(4) Disinvestment
200. Consider the following statements:

(a) The NITI Ayog has replaced the Planning Commission since January 1st, 2015.

(b) It aims to involve the states along with the centre in policy making in India.

Answer options:

(1) (a) only is correct
(2) (b) only is correct
(3) (a) and (b) both are correct
(4) (a) and (b) both are incorrect

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कच्च्या कामासाठी जगा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

P.T.O.
सूचना — (पृष्ठ 1 वक्तृत्व पुस्तक)

(8) प्रश्नपत्रिकेदीन विद्यमान जानकारी के आधार पर, कार्य प्रणाली को विविध रूप से विकसित करने की जरूरत है। उपर्युक्त प्रश्नपत्रिकेदीन उस समय उपलब्ध था, जब वह अन्य तत्वों के साथ सम्बन्धित था। वह विभिन्न तरीकों से उपलब्ध है, जो उन्हें उपयोगी बनाता है।

(9) सदर प्रश्नपत्रिकेदीन आयोग परिषददीन विविध रूप से विकसित करने के लिए अत्यन्त महत्वपूर्ण है। उपर्युक्त प्रश्नपत्रिकेदीन उपलब्ध था, जब वह अन्य तत्वों के साथ सम्बन्धित था। वह विभिन्न तरीकों से उपलब्ध है, जो उन्हें उपयोगी बनाता है।

नमुना प्रश्न

प्र. क्र. 201. सतीश की नौकरी के कारण के आधार पर? प्रश्न कैसे?

(1) स्वामी दयानंद सरस्वती (2) देशव्रत विद्यासागर (3) राजा राममोहन राय (4) गोपालकृष्ण गौड़े

हां प्रश्नके आधार पर “(3) राजा राममोहन राय” अथवा “(4) गोपालकृष्ण गौड़े” असे आहे। त्यामुळे या प्रश्नाचे उत्तर “(3)” होईल। यासाठी त्याच्यानुसार प्रश्न क्र. 201 नमुनेत उत्तर-क्रमांक “③” हे वर्तूळ पूर्णपणे चार्जित करून दाखविलेले आहेत।

प्र. क्र. 201. ① ② ③ ④

अशा पद्धतीने प्रश्नपत्रिकेदीन प्रश्नाचे तुमचं उत्तरक्रमांक तात्कालिक स्वारूपावलोकन पुनःपत्रिकेदीन उत्तरपत्रिकेदीन तथा या प्रश्नक्रमकासाठी संबंधित वर्तूळ पूर्णपणे चार्जित करून दाखविले। त्याच्याचर्चित फक्त काय शाइरे बोल्डेण वापरते, पेसिल या शाइरे पेन वापरू नये।

काल्पनिक तयारी जागा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK